

261—68.1 (15) Administrative procedures and definitions.

68.1(1) *Administrative procedures.* The HQJP is subject to the requirements of the department's rules located in 261—Part VII, additional application requirements and procedures, and 261—Part VIII, legal and compliance. Part VII and Part VIII include standard definitions; standard program requirements; wage, benefit and investment requirements; application review and approval procedures; contracting; contract compliance and job counting; and annual reporting requirements.

68.1(2) *Definitions.* In addition to the standard definitions located in 261—Chapter 173, the following definitions apply to the HQJP:

“Act” means Iowa Code sections 15.326 to 15.337 as amended by 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 344.

“Annual base rent” means the business's annual lease payment minus taxes, insurance and operating or maintenance expenses.

“Biotechnology-related processes” means the use of cellular and biomolecular processes to solve problems or make products. For purposes of this definition, farming activities shall not be included.

“Community” means a city, county, or other entity established pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 28E.

“Contractor or subcontractor” means a person who contracts with the eligible business or subcontracts with a contractor for the provision of property, materials, or services for the construction or equipping of a facility of the eligible business.

“Eligible business” means a business meeting the conditions of Iowa Code section 15.329 as amended by 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 344, section 12.

“High quality jobs” means created or retained jobs that meet the wage requirements established in subrule 68.2(4) and subrules 68.2(7) and 68.2(8) when applicable.

“Program” means the high quality jobs program.

“Project” means the activity, or set of activities, proposed in the application by the business which will result in accomplishing the goals of the program and for which the business is requesting tax incentives and assistance. A project shall include the start-up, location, expansion, or modernization of a business.

“Value-added agricultural products” means agricultural products which, through a series of activities or processes, can be sold at a higher price than the original purchase price.